
PlotSeis Documentation

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1. Ensure Python is installed and working on your machine.
2. [Install matplotlib for Python.](<https://matplotlib.org/users/installing.html>)
3. From the Julia prompt, press “]” to enter package mode, then type “add PlotSeis”
4. Exit package mode with “^C”, then type “using PlotSeis”

1.1 Time-Series Plots

plotseis (*S::SeisData*[, *fmt*="auto", *use_name*=false, *nxt*=5])

Normalized trace plot of data in *S*. Time-series data use lines; irregularly- sampled data are plotted with circles.

uptimes (*S::SeisData*[, *summed*=false, *fmt*="auto", *use_name*=false])

Plot uptimes of each channel in *S* using filled, colored bars.

If *summed*=true, plot uptimes for all channels in *S* that record timeseries data, scaled so that *y*=1 corresponds to 100% of channels active. Non-timeseries channels in *S* are not counted toward the cumulative total in a summed uptime plot.

1.1.1 Keywords

- *fmt*=*FMT* formats x-axis labels using C-language `strftime` format string *FMT*. If unspecified, the format is determined by when data in *S* start and end.
- *use_name*=true uses *S.name*, rather than *S.id*, for trace labels.
- *n*=*N* sets the number of X-axis ticks to *N*.

1.2 Time-Frequency Plots

```
logspec (S::SeisData, k::Union{Int64, String}[, nx=1024, ov=0.5, fmin=0.5*fs/nx, fmax=0.5*fs, fmt="auto"  
        ])
```

Spectrogram of trace number or channel ID *k* with logarithmic scaling of the y-axis (frequency).

1.2.1 Keywords

- **nx** window length
- **ov** overlap fraction between adjacent windows
- **fmin** lowest frequency to plot
- **fmax** highest frequency to plot

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`logspec()` (*built-in function*), 2

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`plotseis()` (*built-in function*), 1

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`uptimes()` (*built-in function*), 1